

SPT-P134G-10D

4.25Gbps SFP Optical Transceiver, 10km Reach

Features

- ◆ Single 3.3 V supply
- ◆ Supports 1.0625/2.125/4.25Gb/s Fiber Channel Operation
- ◆ Gigabit Ethernet compatible
- ◆ 1310nm DFB Laser
- ◆ SFP MSA SFF-8074i compliant
- ◆ Digital Diagnostic SFF-8472 compliant
- ◆ Compatible with RoHS
- ◆ Operating case temperature: Standard: 0 to +70°C Industrial: -40 to +85°C

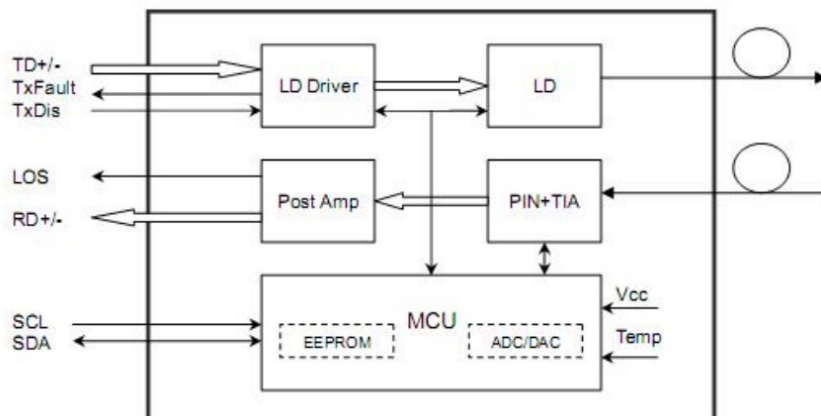
Applications

- ◆ Tri Rate 1.0625 / 2.125 / 4.25Gbp/s Fiber Channel
- ◆ 1.25Gbp/s 1000Base-LX Ethernet and 1000Base-LX10 (Rate selectable version)

Description

The transceiver consists of three sections: a DFB laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements. The transceivers are compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA) 1. They are compatible with Fiber Channel per FC-PI-2 Rev. 10.0. Also simultaneously compatible with Gigabit Ethernet as specified in IEEE Std 802.3.

Module Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units	Notes
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc-Vee	0	3.6	V	-
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	+85	°C	-
Operating Humidity	RH	5	90	%	Non-condensing

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	
Operating Case Temperature	Standard	Tc	0		+70	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	Icc			300	mA	

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Data Rate			4.25		Gb/S	
Centre Wavelength	λ_c	1260	1310	1360	nm	
Spectral Width (-20dB)	$\Delta\lambda$			1	nm	
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	
Average Output Power(BOL)	Pout	-8		0	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	5			dB	
Average Launch Power-OFF Transmitter	Pout			-40	dBm	
Optical Eye Diagram	Fiber Channel Compliant					
Optical Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	tr/tf			130	ns	
Data Input Swing Differential	V _{IN}	200		2400	mV	2
Input Differential Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	120	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable	2.0		Vcc	V	
	Enable	0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault	2.0		Vcc	V	
	Normal	0		0.8	V	
Receiver						
Centre Wavelength	λ_c	1260		1360	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity(BOL)	Sen			-18	dBm	3
LOS De-Assert	LOS _D			-18	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOS _A	-28			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5		6	dB	
Receiver Reflectance				-20	dB	

Data Output Swing Differential	Vout	350		1800	mV	4
Loss of Signal (LOS) Assert Time	TAssert			500	nS	
Loss of Signal (LOS) Dessert Time	TDeassert			500	nS	
LOS	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
	Low			0.8	V	

Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.
2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
3. Measured with a PRBS 2 -1 test pattern @4250Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-10}$
4. CML Output, internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μ s
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μ s
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μ s
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μ s
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μ s
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	V _L			0.8	V

Diagnostics

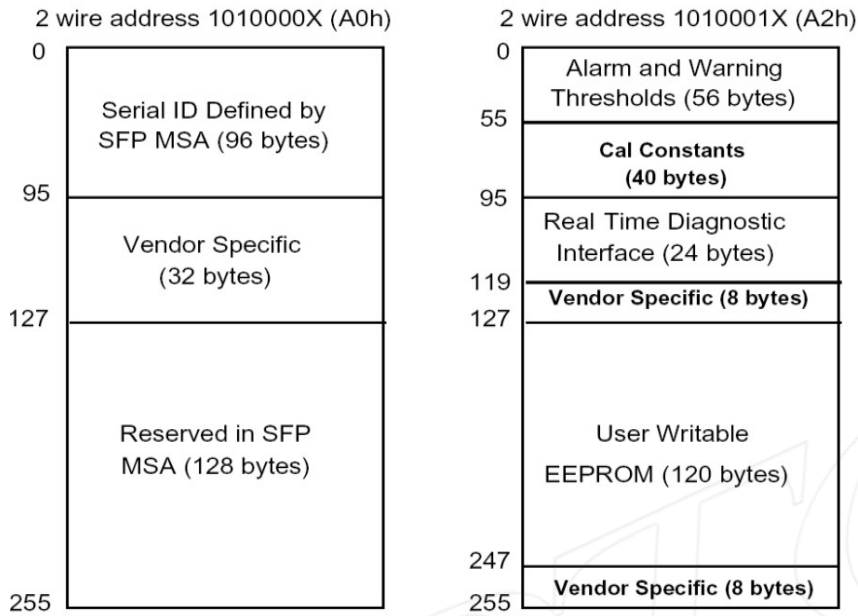
Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	$\pm 3^\circ\text{C}$	Internal / External
	-40 to +85			
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	$\pm 3\%$	Internal / External
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	$\pm 10\%$	Internal / External
TX Power	-9 to -3	dBm	$\pm 3\text{dB}$	Internal / External
RX Power	-23 to -3	dBm	$\pm 3\text{dB}$	Internal / External

Digital Diagnostic Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

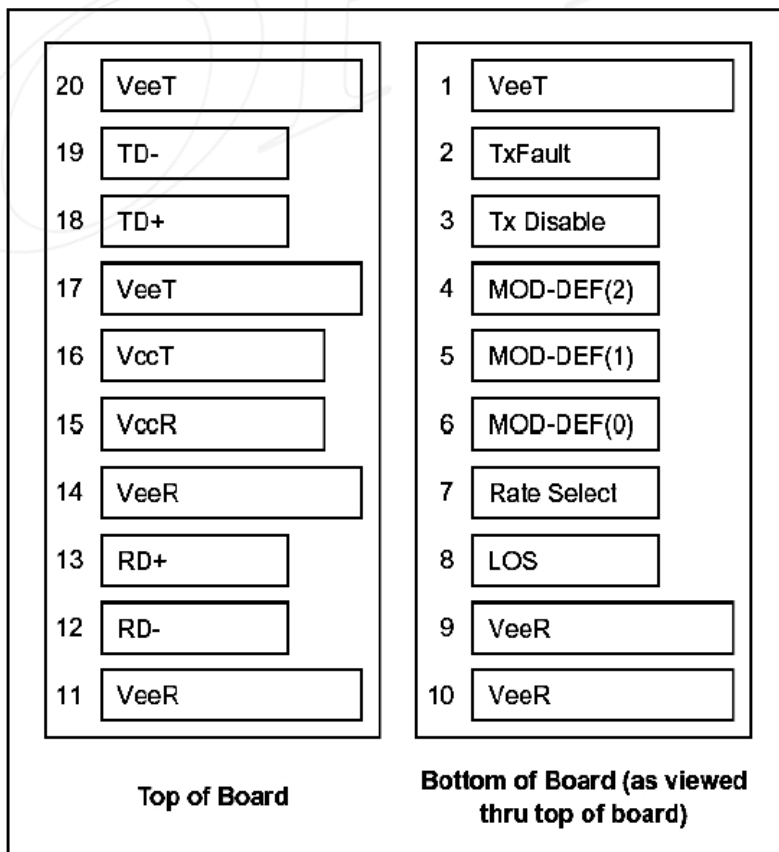
The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.



Pin Definitions

Pin Diagram



Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

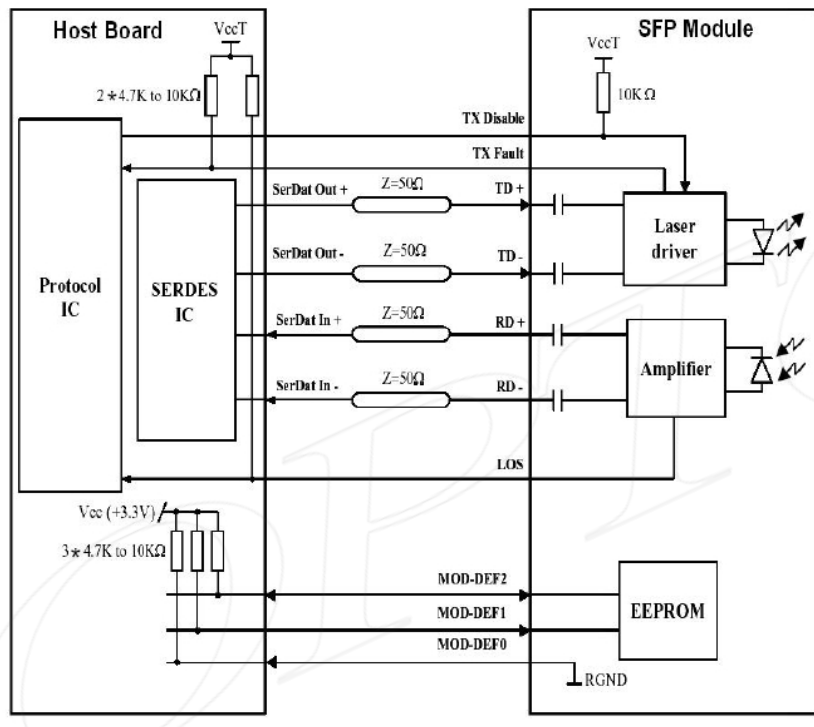
Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and V_{cc}+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:
 - Low (0 to 0.8V): Transmitter on
 - (>0.8V, < 2.0V): Undefined
 - High (2.0 to 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled
 - Open: Transmitter Disabled
- 3) Mod-Def. 0, 1, 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board.
 The pull-up voltage shall be V_{ccT} or V_{ccR}.
 Mod-Def. 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present
 Mod-Def. 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

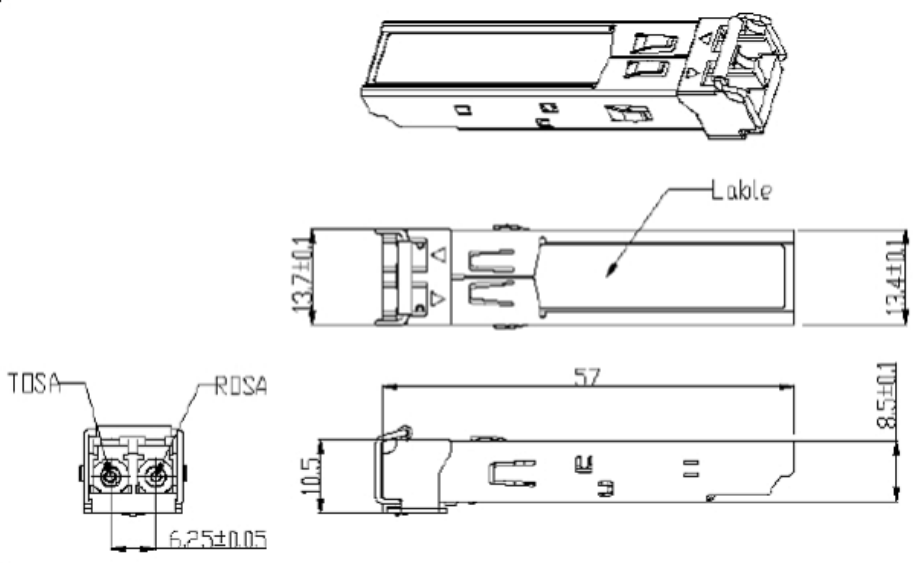
Mod-Def. 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

Recommended Interface Circuit



Mechanical Dimensions



Ordering information

Part Number	Product Description
SPT-P134G-10D	1310nm, 4.25Gbps, 10km, 0°C ~ +70°C, DDM
SPT-P134G-10TD	1310nm, 4.25Gbps, 10km, -40°C ~ +85°C, DDM

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